

# **O.P.Jindal School, Savitringar**

## **Class Notes**

### **Lesson-2**

#### **Bringing Up Kari**

**Class-VII**

**Date- 23-06-2020**

**Answer the following questions.**

Q1. The enclosure in which Kari lived had a thatched roof that lay on thick tree stumps. Examine the illustration of Kari's pavilion on page 8 and say why it was built that way?

Ans- Kari's pavilion was built that way so that it could not fall when Kari bumped against the poles as he moved about.

Q2. Did kari enjoy his morning bath in the river? Give a reason for your answer.

Ans- Yes, Kari enjoyed his morning bath in the river because he would lie down on the sand bank while narrator rubbed him with the clean sand of the river for an hour. After that he would lie in the water for a long time. On coming out he would squeal with pleasure as the narrator rubbed water down his back.

Q3. Finding good twigs for Kari took a long time. Why?

Ans- Finding good twigs for Kari took a long time because it took half an hour to sharpen the hatchet as the elephant would not touch mutilated twigs.

Q4. Why did Kari push his friend into the stream?

Ans- Kari pushed his friend into the stream because he wanted him to save the drowning boy.

Q5. Kari was like a baby. What are the main points of comparison?

Ans- Kari was like a baby since he had to be trained to be good and if he was not told that he was naughty, he was up to more mischiefs than ever.

Q6. Kari helped himself to all the bananas in the house without anyone noticing it. How did he do it?

Ans- Kari helped himself to all the bananas in the house without anyone noticing it with the help of his trunk.

Q7. Kari learnt the commands to sit and to walk. What are the instructions for each command?

Ans- To make Kari sit, his master had to say 'Dhat' and pull him by the ear.

To make Kari move forward, the master had to say 'Mali' and pull his trunk forward.

Q8. What is the 'the master call'? Why is it the most important signal for an elephant to learn?

Ans- The master call is a kind of strange hissing , howling sound , as if a snake and a tiger were fighting each other. And we have to make that kind of noise in his ear.

It is the most important signal for an elephant to learn because with the help of this signal, he can reach to his master anywhere in the jungle and anytime. If the master is caught in the jungle and finds himself alone then the elephant makes way by breaking all the branches and reaches to his master.