Getting Started with Python

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INTRODUCTION 6.1

The word Python - isn't it scary? Does it bring the image of big reptile that we prefer to see either in jungles or zoo? Well, it's time to change the image. Now on, you'll remember word Python for its playfulness and pleasant productivity. Confused ? Well, Don't be - because, now on you'll get introduced to a new programming language namely 'Python', which promises to make you a big programming fan :-).

Python programming language was developed by Guido Van Rossum in February 1991. Python is based on or influenced with two programming languages:

- ABC language, a teaching language created as a replacement of BASIC, and
- Modula-3

Python is an easy-to-learn yet powerful object oriented programming language. It is a very high level programming language yet as powerful as many other middle-level not so high-level languages like C, C++, Java etc.

In this chapter, we shall introduce you to playful world of Piquant Python [Word 'Piquant' means pleasantly stimulating or exciting to the mind]. So, are we ready? And... here we go.

NOTE

Do you know Python, programming language, named after famous comedy show namely Monty Python's Flying Circus.

6.2 PYTHON - PLUSES

Though Python language came into being in early 1990's, yet it is competing with ever-popular languages such as C, C++, Java etc. in popularity index.

Lat's now some any there places of Python

Python is compact and very easy to use object from to line arrivated language with very simple syntax rain. It is a very high level language and thus very-very programmer-friendly

2 Boresne Language Protein is an expressive language - lewer lines of code and sampler syntax. For example, committee informating two sets of corders

// Init- Seed walves # in Python : Swap values pet a = 2, b = 3, tmp; a, b = 2, 3 a, b . b, a THE . P

D . TED :

which one is compact and easier to understand? Need I say more?:).

Imerareted Language

Probon is an interpreted language, not a compiled language it makes Python an eam-to-defrug language and thus suitable for beginners to advanced users.

4 In Completeness

For most types of required functionality is mailable through various modules of Python standard library. For example, for diverse functionality such as emails, web-databases, connections and many more, everyous proteins and many more, everyous and Python standard library 1). available in Python standard library 1) and - Python follows also called - Python follows Basara

min kulas

5 Cross platform Language

Python can run equally well on veneral windows. Limited to platforms - Windows, Linux Macintosh, supercomputers, sman Pless etc. Isn't that amazing? And that the Python a true cross-platform language (2) other words, Python is a portable language

Free and Open Source

Python language is freely available along wife

7. Variety of Usage/Applications

Python has evolved into a powerful, compley and useful language over these years. These days Python is being used in many diverse fields/applications, some of which are

Scripting

Rapid Prototyping

Web Applications GUI Programs

Game development

Database Applications

System Administrations

6.3 PYTHON - SOME MINUSES (SO HUMAN LIKE)

Although Python is very powerful yet simple language with so many advantages, it is not the Perfect Programming Language. Let's see what these are:

1. Not the Fastest Language

Python is an interpreted language not a fully compiled one. Fully compiled languages are failter than their interpreted counterparts 50, Python otters faster development times but execution-times are not that fast compared to some compiled languages.

2. Lesser Libraries than C, Java, Perl

Python offers library support for almost all computing programs, but its library is still not competent with languages like C, Java, Perl as they have larger collections available. Sometimes in some cases, these languages offer better and multiple solutions than Python.

- 1. If you install Python through Anaconds Python Distribution it loads most libraries and parkages with Python.
- 7. Python even has wernlond that run on different languages such as Java (Sython). MET (IronPython) etc.

3 Not Strong on Type-binding

Python interpreter is not very strong on catching. Type-mismatch: Issues: For example, if you declare a variable as integer but later store a string value in it. Python won't complain or pin-point it.

4. Not Fasily Convertible

Because of its lack of syntax, Python is an easy language to program in flut this advantage has a flip side too. It becomes a disadvantage when it comes to translating a program into another programming language. This is because most other languages have structured defined syntax.

see now you are familiar with what all Python offers. As a free and open source language, its users are growing by leaps and bounds

As per Jan 2020 popularity index, Python was 2nd most popular programming language after JavaScript. That is the reason, it's part of your syllabus. Together we'll make it playful Python;).

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Python is an interpreted language, that is, all the commands you write are interpreted and executed one by one

6.4 WORKING IN PYTHON

Before you start working in Python, you need to install Python on your computers. There are multiple Python distributions available today.

- Default installation available from www.python.org is called CPython installation and comes with Python interpreter, Python IDLE (Python GUI) and Pip (package installer).
- There are many other Python distributions available these days. Anaconda Python distribution is one such highly recommended distribution that comes preloaded with many packages and libraries (r.g., NumPy, SciPy, Panda libraries etc.).
- Many popular IDEs are also available e.g., Spyder IDE, PyCharm IDE etc. Of these, Spyder IDE is already available as a part of Anaconda Python distribution.

To install any of these distributions, PLEASE REFER TO APPENDIX A. We shall learn to work with both these distribution types.

Once you have Python installed on your computers, you are ready to work on it. You can work in Python in following different ways:

- (i) in Interactive mode (also called Immediate Mode)
- (ii) in Script mode

6.4.1 Working in Default CPython Distribution

The default distribution, CPython, comes with Python interpreter, Python IDLE (GUI based) and pip (package installer). To work in *interactive* as well as *script* mode, you need to open Python IDLE.

6.4.1A Working in Interactive Mode (Python IDLE)

Interactive mode of working means you type the command – one command at a time, and the Python executes the given command there and then and gives you output. In interactive mode, you type the command in front of Python command prompt >>> . For example, if you type 2 + 5 in front of Python prompt, it will give you result as 7:

3. Source: https://sites.google.com/site/pydatalog/pypl/PyPL-PopularitY-of-Programming-Language.